Match each biome to its description: 1. Rain Forest A) Short bunchgrasses and low rainfall 2. Deciduous Forest B) Rolling hills with sod forming grasses 3. ___ Steppe C) Temperate area where trees drop their leaves 4. Desert D) Wet region with a dense canopy 5. Tundra E) Cold dry area with a short growing season 6. Prairie F) Diverse with little to no precipitation Answer each question as completely as possible. 7. What two factors make organic matter in the rain forest decay so quickly? _____ and _____ 8. Why do trees in the rain forest have shallow roots? 9. The surface layer of tundra which melts and refreezes every year is called the 10. Plants on the tundra tend to be short and shrubby because _____ 11. Describe one way in which fire is beneficial to grasslands. 12. Droughts were common in prairie regions and grazers did little damage. Why then, did a relatively mild drought lead to the Dust Bowl?

General Science: Ecology Review

13.	What is Humus?
14.	Why do deciduous trees make the best firewood and building material?
	What are the two types of adaptations used by animals in extreme environments? and
16.	What key feature defines a desert?
17.	Describe two adaptations used by desert animals.
18.	Why might desert plants grow very deep roots?
19.	Based on the second law of thermodynamics, if plants produce 1,000 units of energy, how many units will be transferred to the second level consumer?